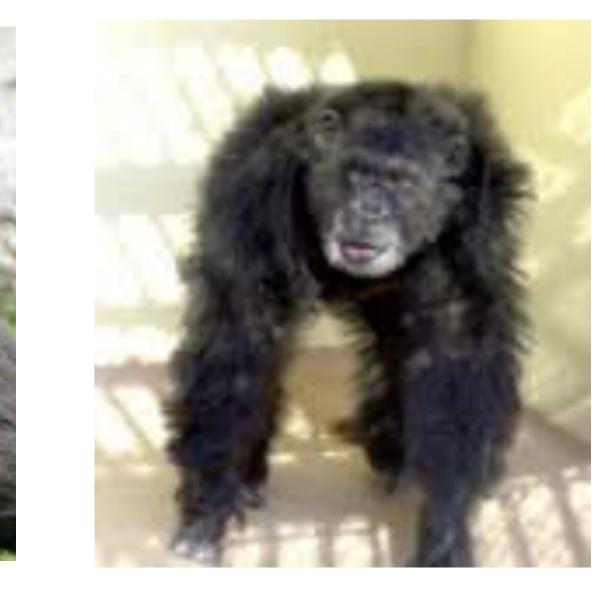
High-Resolution Comparative analysis of Great Ape Genomes



Susie (PAB) Sumatran Orangutan

Susie (GGO) Gorilla





Clint (PTR) Chimpanzee **Dr. Eichler** "Super Human"

Zev Kronenberg Conflict of interest : employee of Phase Genomics



Identifying genetic differences that makes us human through comparative genomics



Human

Chimpanzee

Orangutan

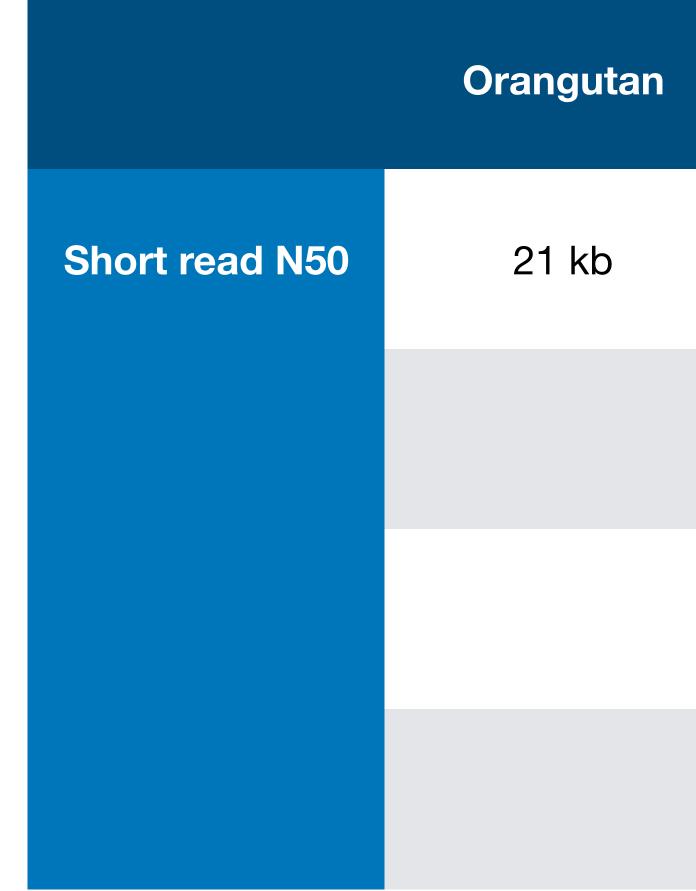
Structural variation is the largest source of genetic novelty

- Relative to the human reference genome:
 - Every human has ~3
 Megabases of single nucleotide variants
 - Every human has ~20
 Megabases of structural variation





Studying structural variation in short read assemblies is hard



Gorilla	Chimpanzee
21 kb	401 kb

Single Molecule Real Time (SMRT) genome assembly is drastically improving SV comparative studies

- Closed ~300k gaps in orangutan (96%)
- Closed 30,000 gaps in chimpanzee (50%)
- Removed > 27Mb of extemporaneous sequence in panTro5

Short read

PacBio (P depth of coverage

SMRT N5 (Falcon asen

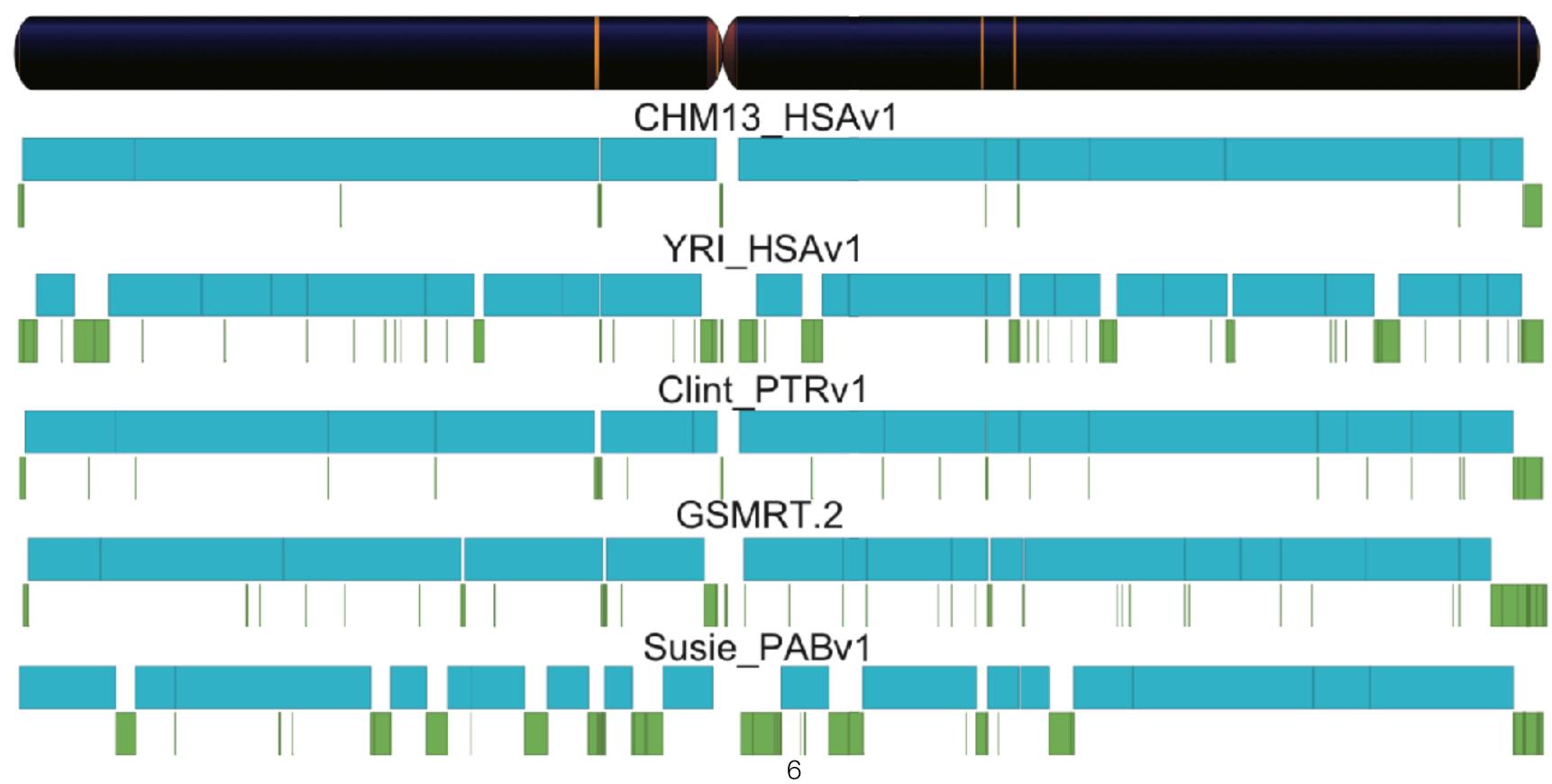
Improvem

	Orangutan	Gorilla	Chimpanzee
N50	21 kb	21 kb	401 kb
P6) f e	74X	74X	97X
50 mbly)	11.2	11.6 Mb	12 Mb
ent	530X	560X	32X



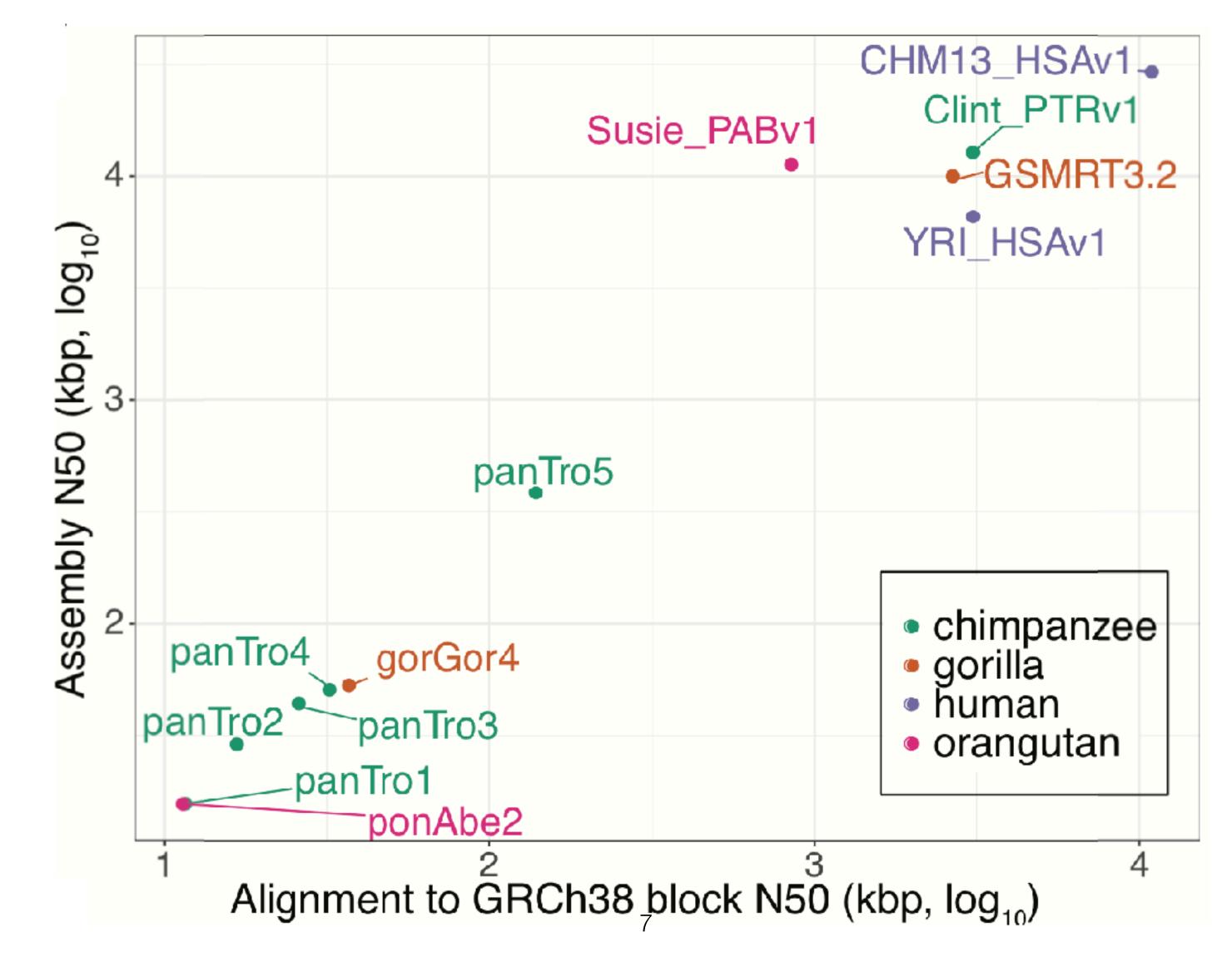
High contiguity of SMRT ape assemblies

Chromosome 3



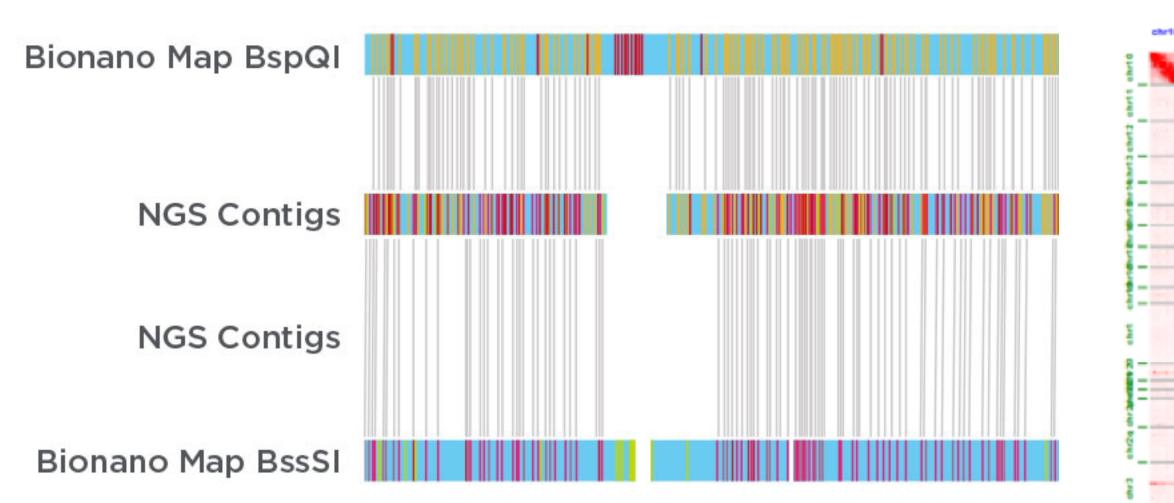
Segmental duplications
 Alignment blocks > 3Mbp
 Alignment blocks ≤ 3Mbp

The SMRT great ape assemblies increase the size of syntenic blocks

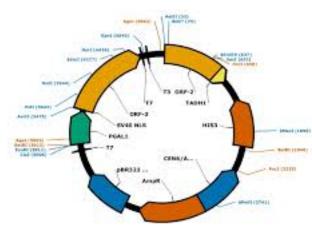


Removing the bias of the human reference genome through integrated scaffolding

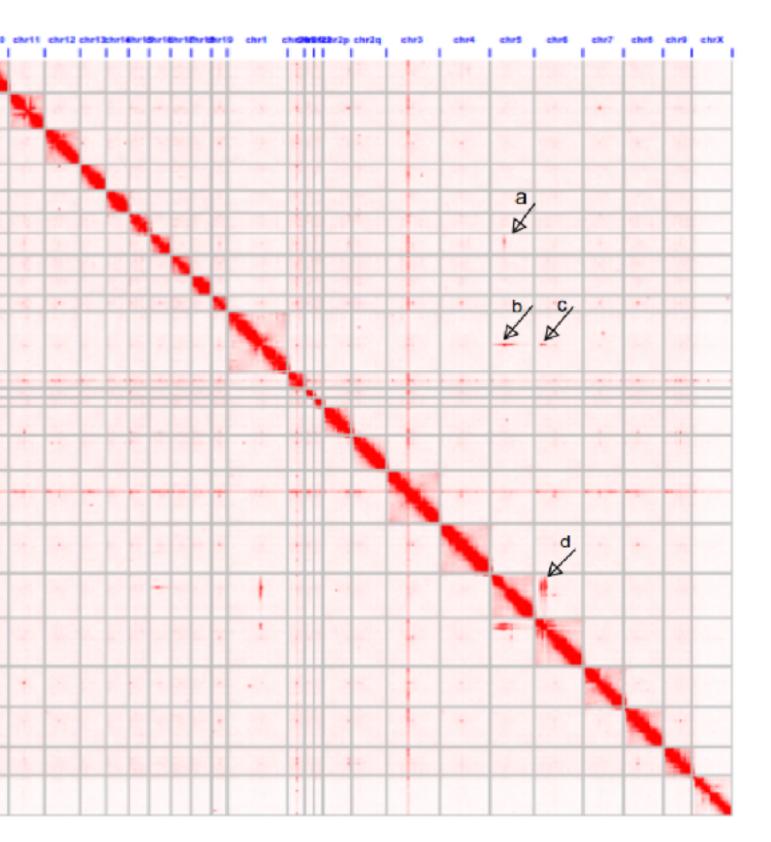
Optical maps (Bionano)



BAC end sequencing



Hi-C (DNAse)

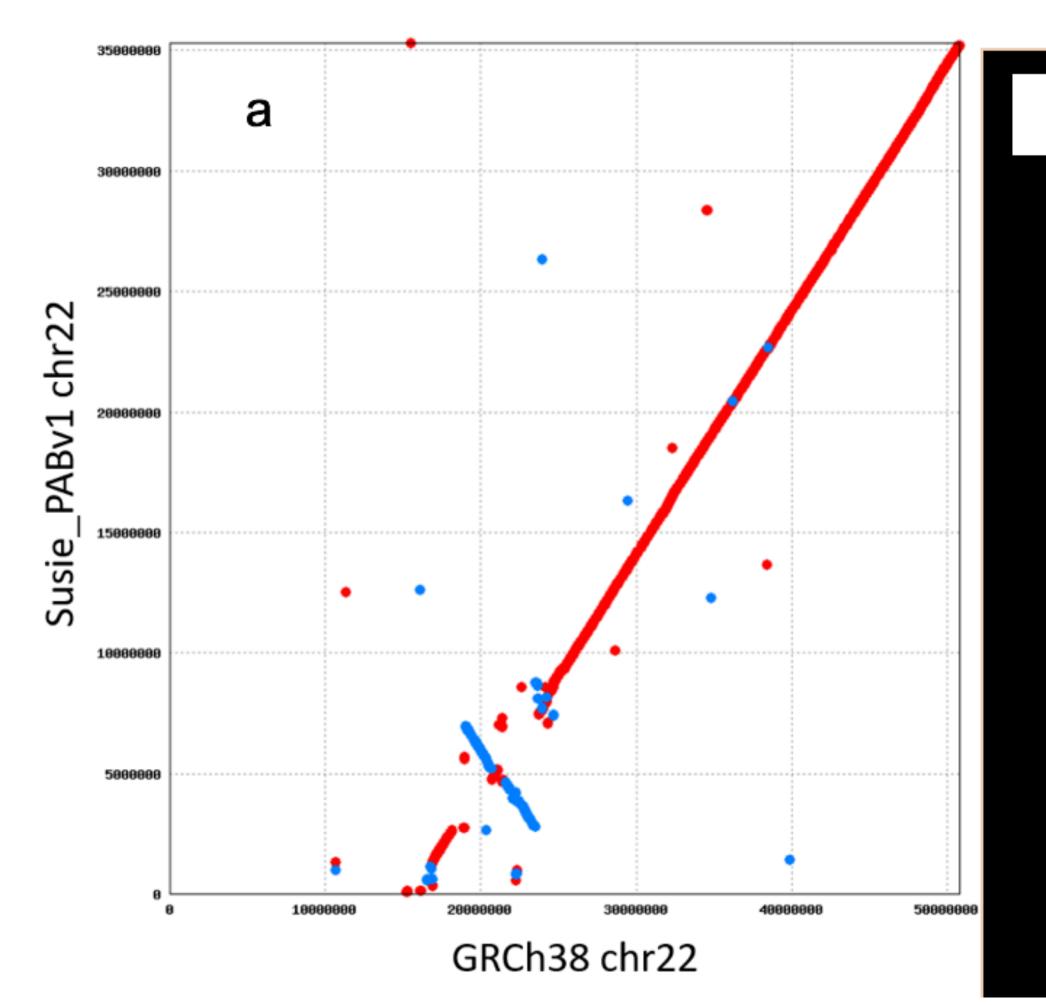


FISH'ed BACs





Chromosome-level scaffolds reveal Mb+ sized evolutionary events



Yunis and Prakash, Science 1982



Order in human

CH276-48K11 -91B12 RP11



Optical maps revealed dozens of ~Mb sized evolutionary events

Genes

SegDupMasker CN heatmaps

modern humans

gorilla bonobo chimpanzee

orangutan

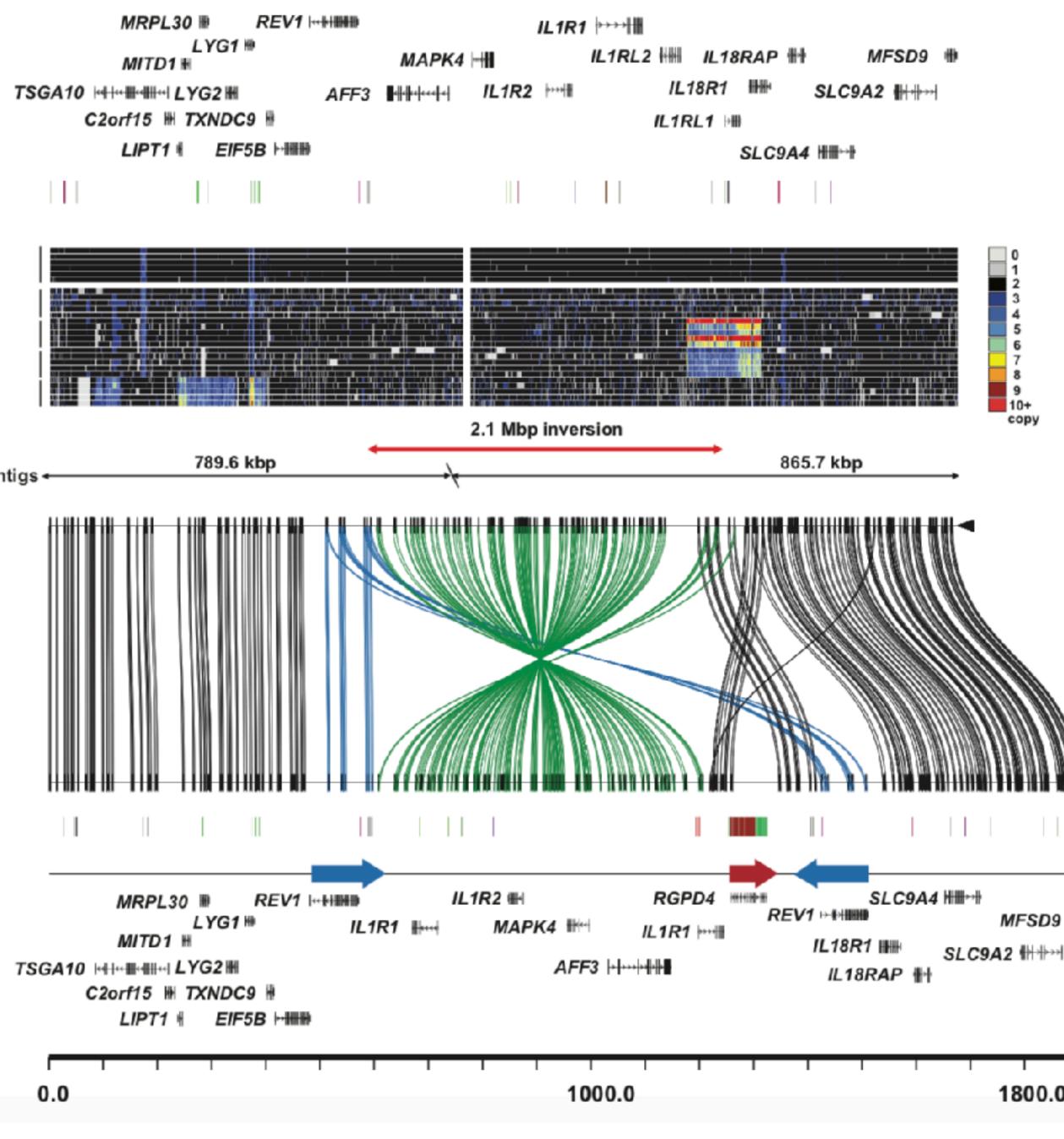
breakpoint spanning contigs -

<u>Human</u>

Chimpanzee SegDupMasker Seg Dups

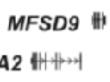
Genes







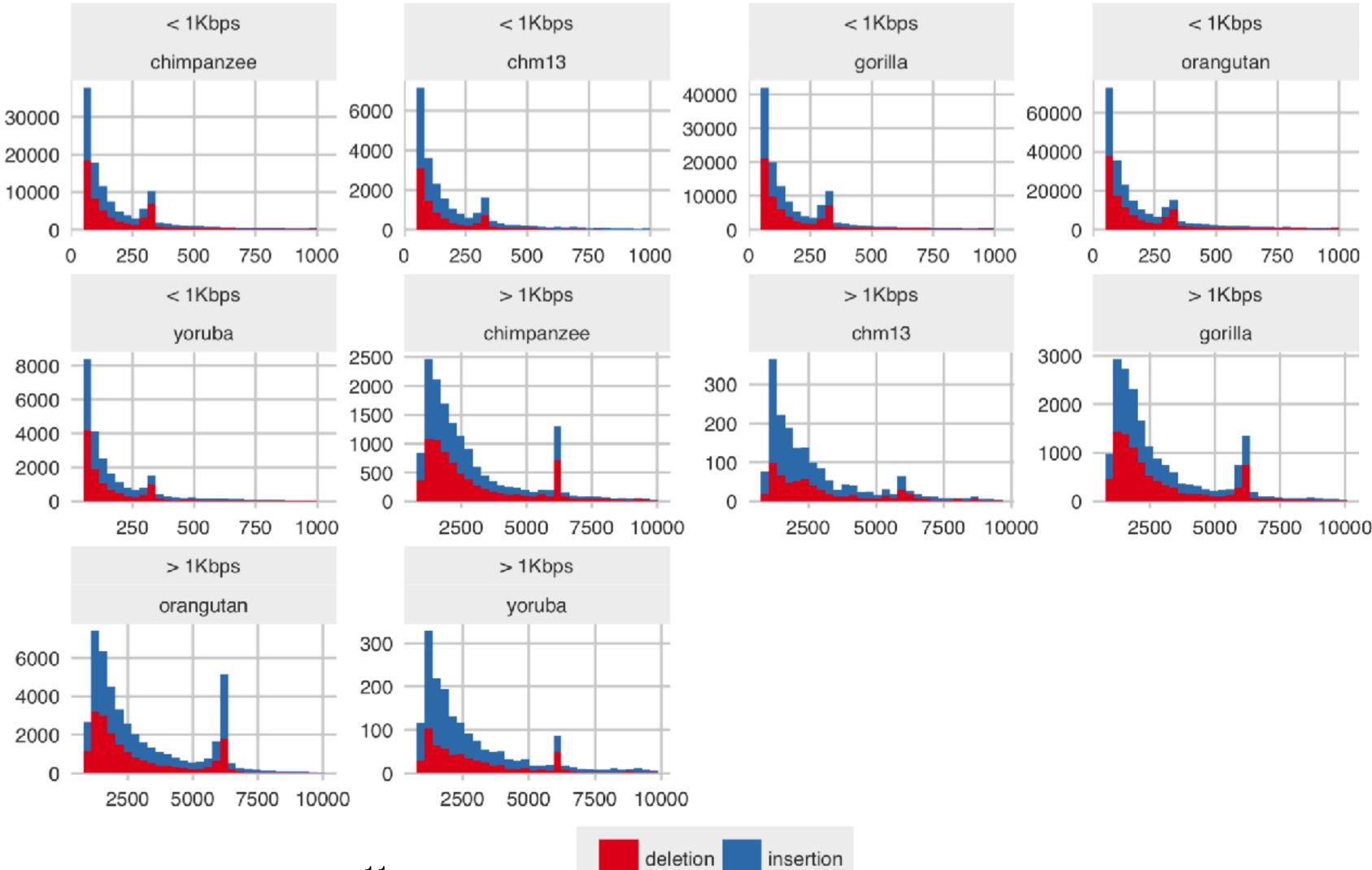




1800.0 Kb

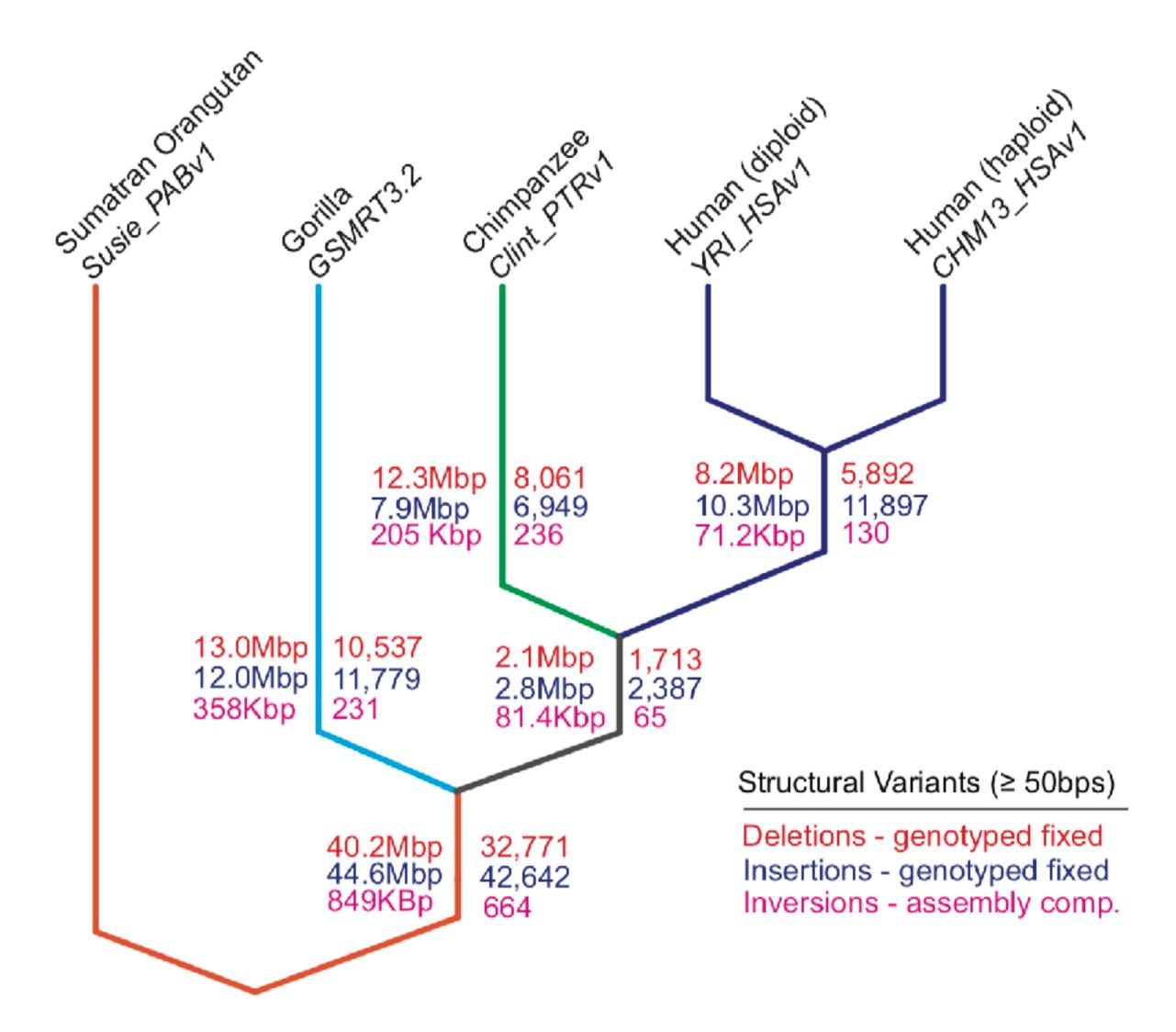
SMRTie-SV a new crossspecies tool for discovering SVs

- > 600K SVs greater than 50bp were discovered
- > 90% validation rate
- Open source: <u>https://</u> <u>github.com/zeeev/smartie-sv</u>
- Snakemake pipeline that can run on most clusters
- Uses a modified version of BLASR (Chaisson)
- Largest SV discovered ~ 60K



Defined > 60Mb of lineage specific structural variation

- SMARTie-SV
- Genotyping w. 100 primates
 - SVTyper
 - dCGH
 - Lineage Specific (VST or FST > 0.8)

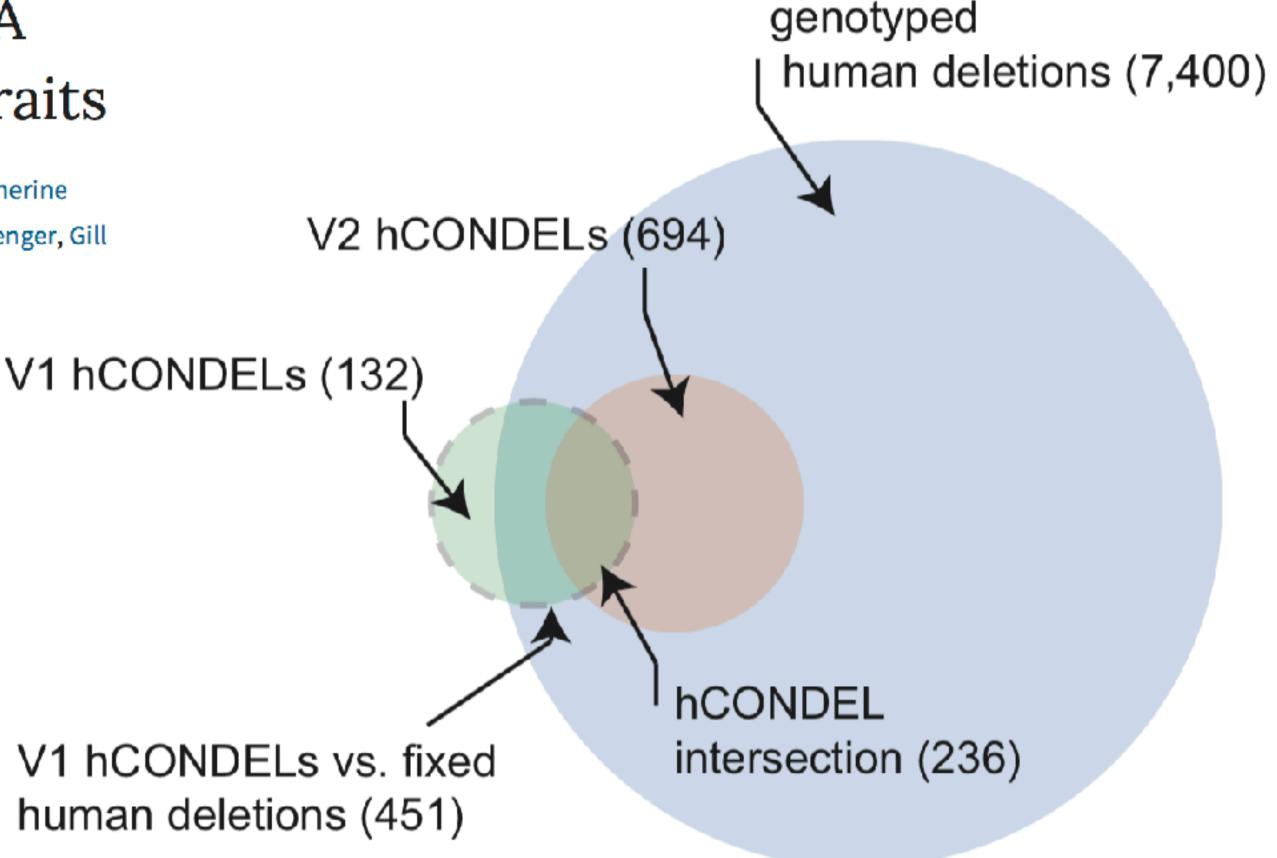




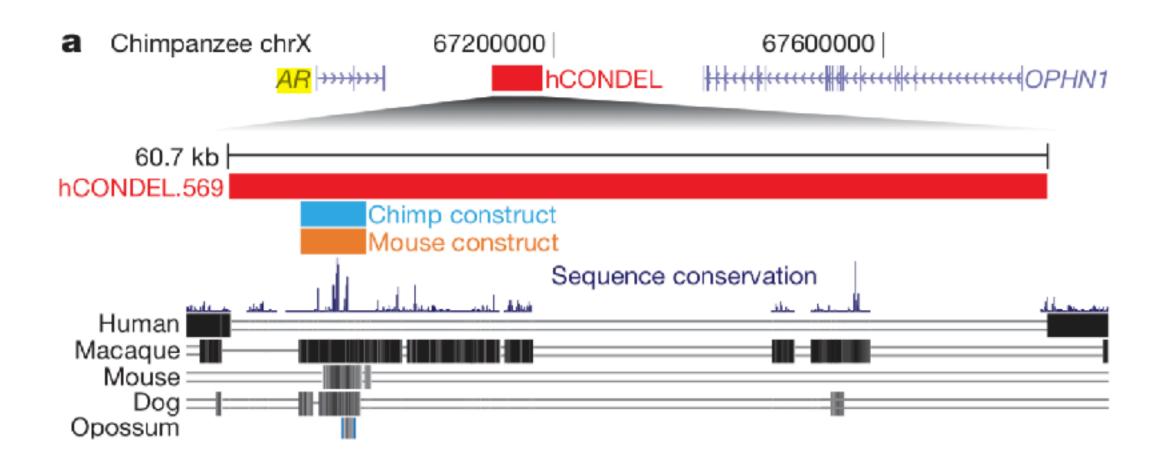
We doubled the number of human conserved deletions (hCONDELs)

Human-specific loss of regulatory DNA and the evolution of human-specific traits

Cory Y. McLean, Philip L. Reno, Alex A. Pollen, Abraham I. Bassan, Terence D. Capellini, Catherine Guenther, Vahan B. Indjeian, Xinhong Lim, Douglas B. Menke, Bruce T. Schaar, Aaron M. Wenger, Gill Bejerano 🏁 & David M. Kingsley 🏁

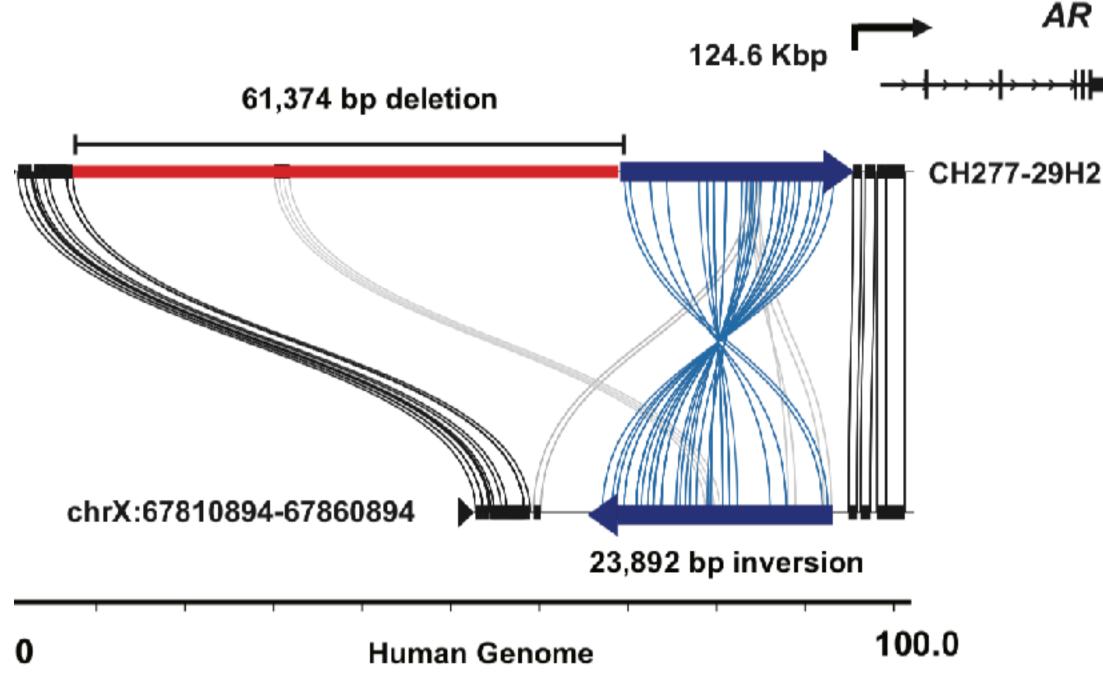


Allelic variation in gorilla near the androgen receptor hCONDEL

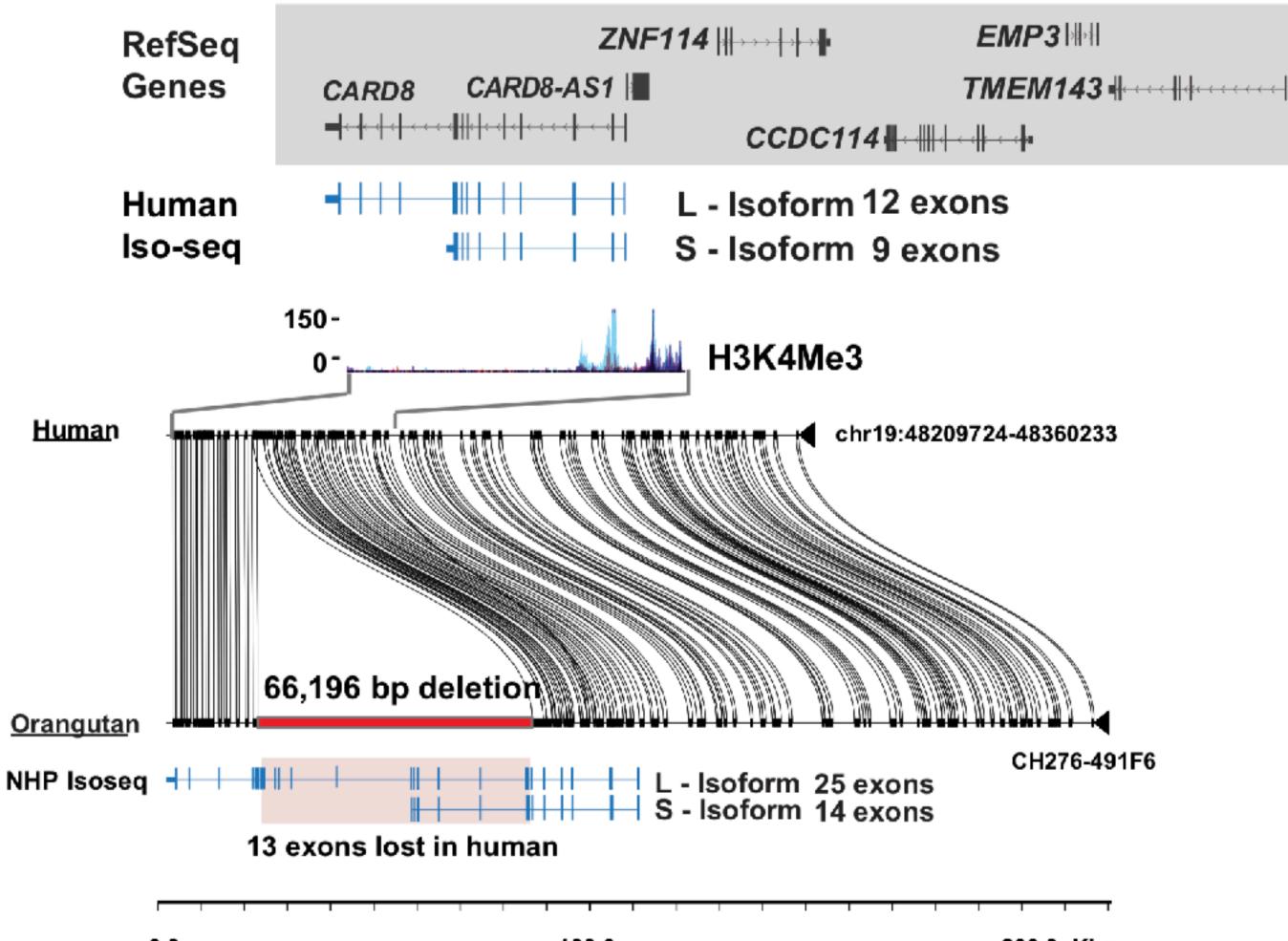


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A novel human specific deletion of CARD8





A simple and yet complex human specific deletion in the FADS gene cluster

<u>Human</u>

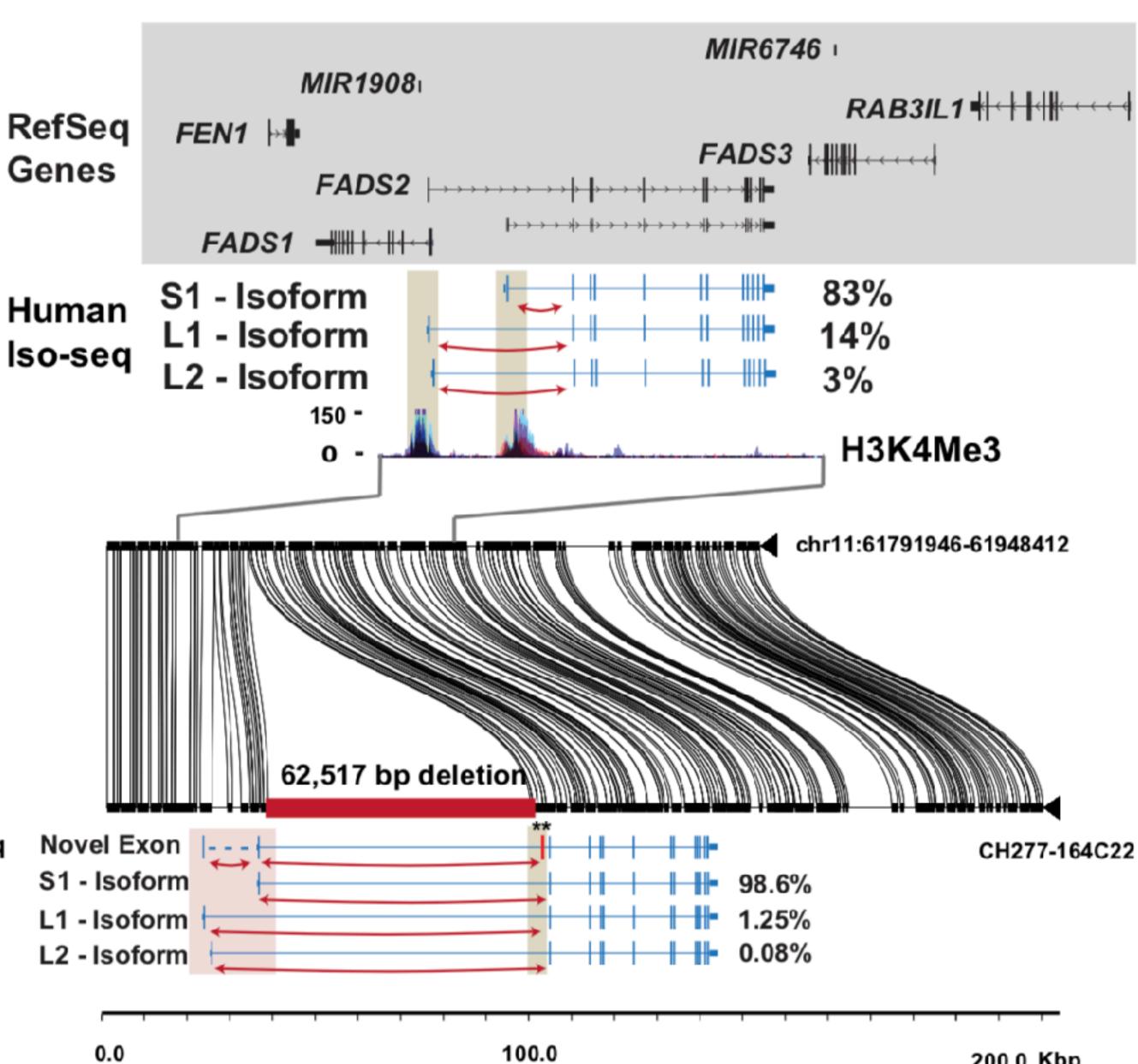
HUMAN GENETICS

Greenlandic Inuit show genetic signatures of diet and climate adaptation

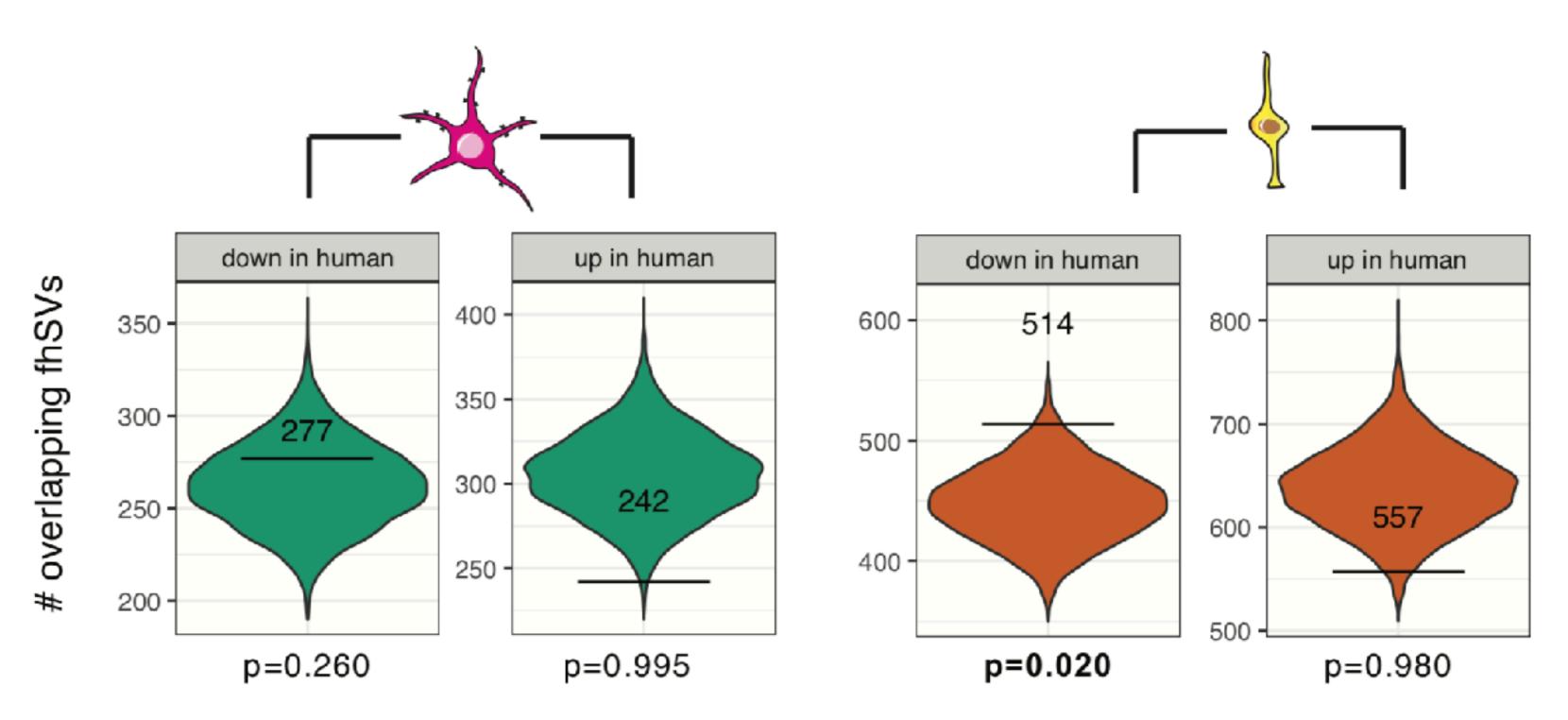
<u>Gorilla</u>

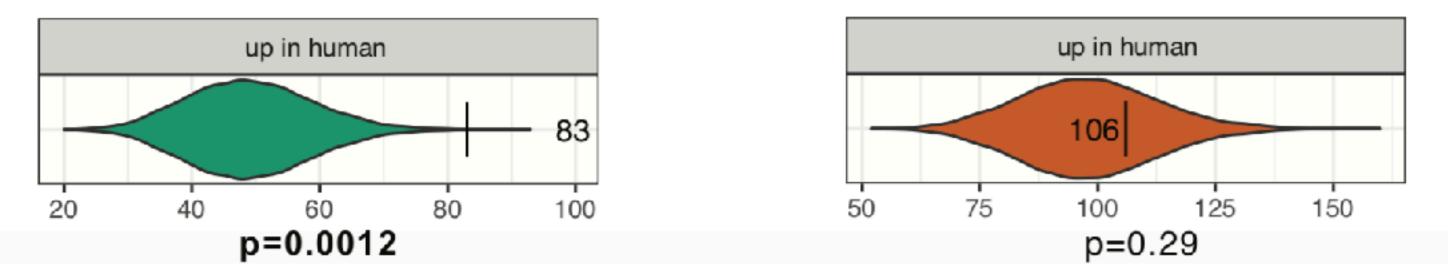
NHP Isoseq

Matteo Fumagalli,^{1,2*} Ida Moltke,^{3*} Niels Grarup,⁴ Fernando Racimo,² Peter Bjerregaard,^{5,6} Marit E. Jørgensen,^{5,7} Thorfinn S. Korneliussen,⁸ Pascale Gerbault,^{1,9} Line Skotte,³ Allan Linneberg,^{10,11,12} Cramer Christensen,¹³ Ivan Brandslund,^{14,15} Torben Jørgensen,^{10,16,17} Emilia Huerta-Sánchez,¹⁸ Erik B. Schmidt,^{17,19} Oluf Pedersen,⁴ Torben Hansen,⁴+ Anders Albrechtsen,³⁺ Rasmus Nielsen^{2,20}⁺



Human specific SVs were associated with down regulated genes in Radial Glia





overlapping human-specific duplications (> 10 kb)

In conclusion

- SMRT assemblies enable structural variation detection and comparative genomics
- SMRTie-SV is an accurate tools for identifying structural variation
- We identified an association between gene regulation and structural variation in radial glia and excitatory neurons
- There are several human specific variants that warrant further investigation

Acknowledgements



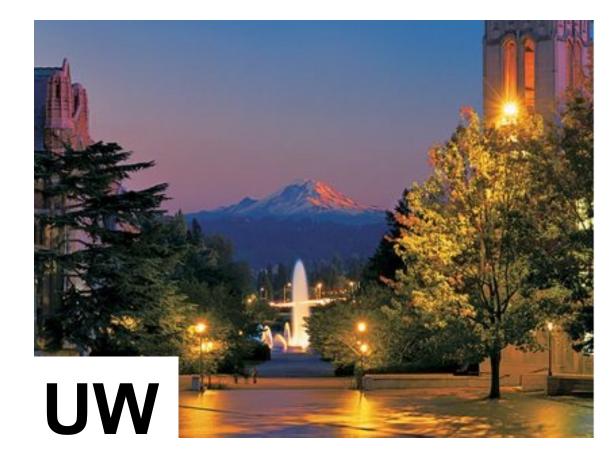
Salk Institute Ahmet Denli

Rusty Gage



NashU

Tina Graves-Lindsay Wes Warren **Rick Wilson**



Max Dougherty Brad Nelson Shwetha Murali David Gordon **Stuart Cantsilieris** Mark Chaisson AnneMarie Welch Kendra Hoekzema Evan Eichler

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Alex Pollen Olivia Meyerson Arnold Kriegstein

bionano GENOMICS

Alex Hastie Andy Pang



PACBIO®

Elizabeth Tseng Jason Chin

John Huddleston Melanie Scofield Naheed Arang Carl Baker Vy Dang

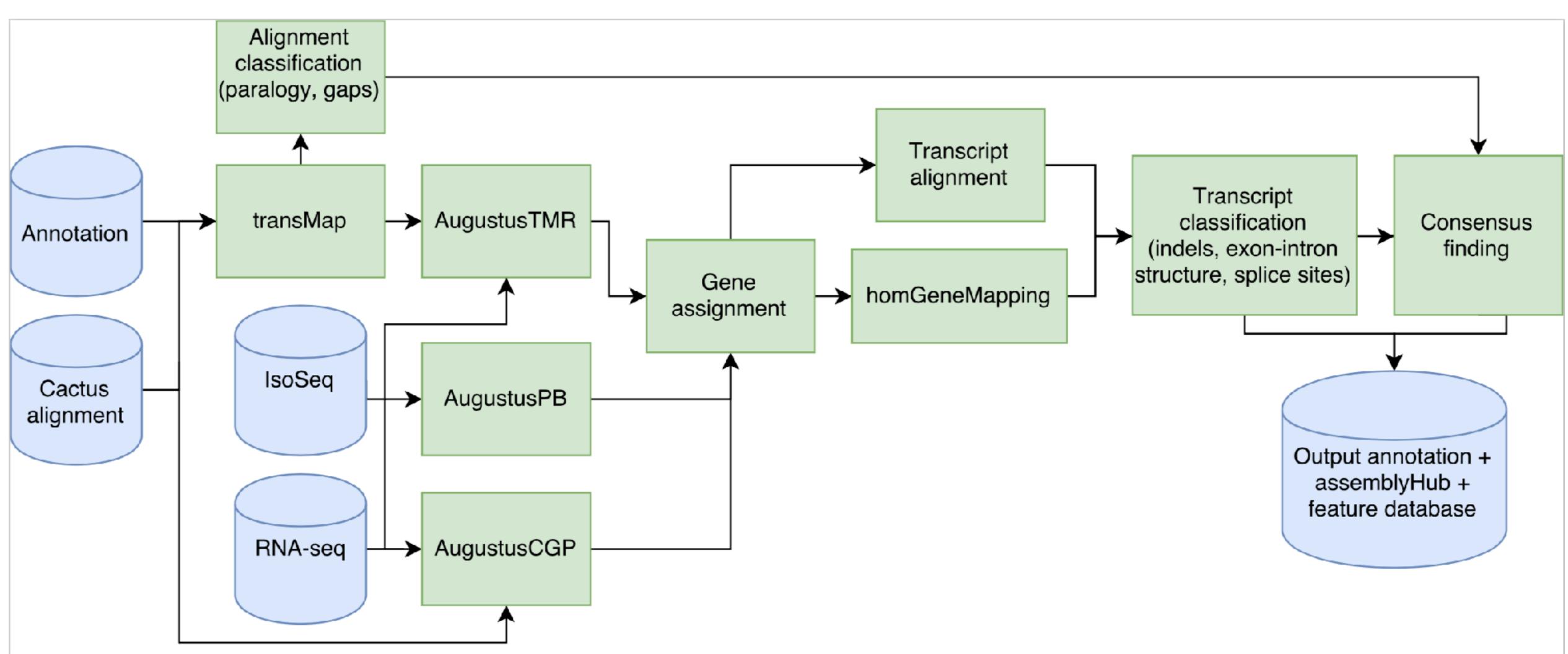
- Katy Munson Chris Hill
- Jay Shendure





Questions?

Gene annotation using CAT and IsoSeq

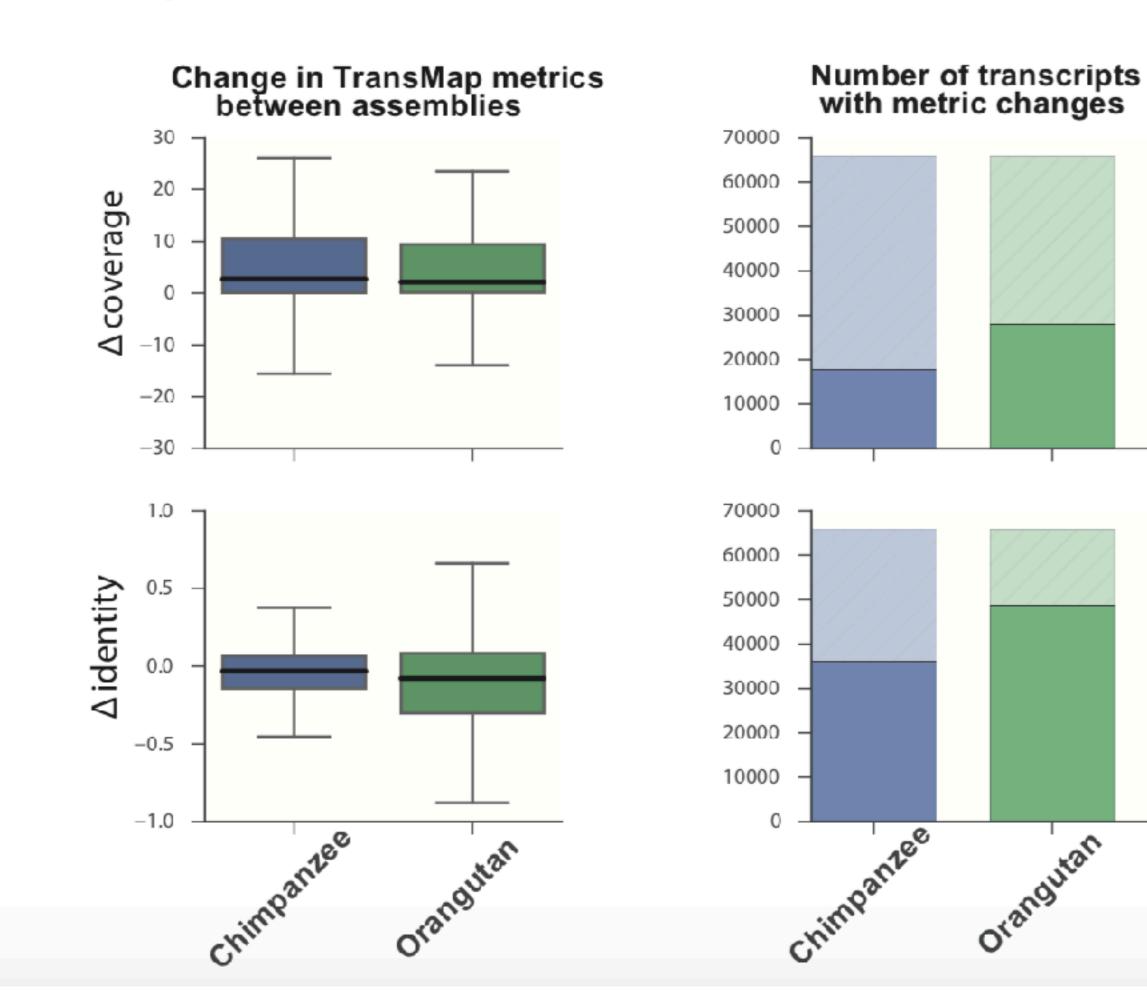


Improvements in transcript mapping and annotations

% repeat • 0 • 25 • 50 • 75 • 100 mapped bases/transcript (Clint_PTRv1) 6000 4000 panTro3 Clint_PTRv1 2000 2000 1000 1000 2000 2000 0 ∆base pair mapping 2000 6000 4000 mapped bases/transcript (panTro3)

C)

C

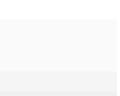






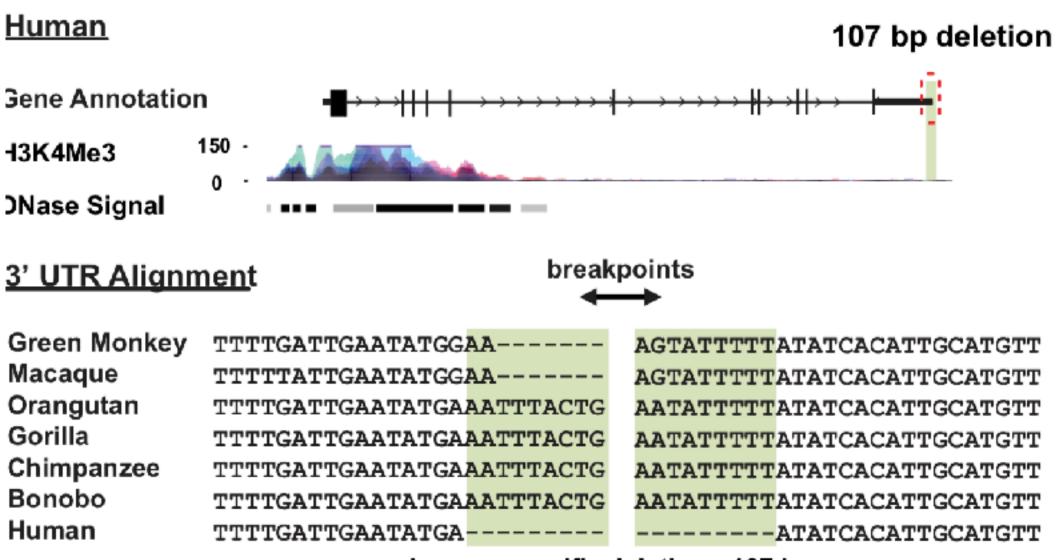




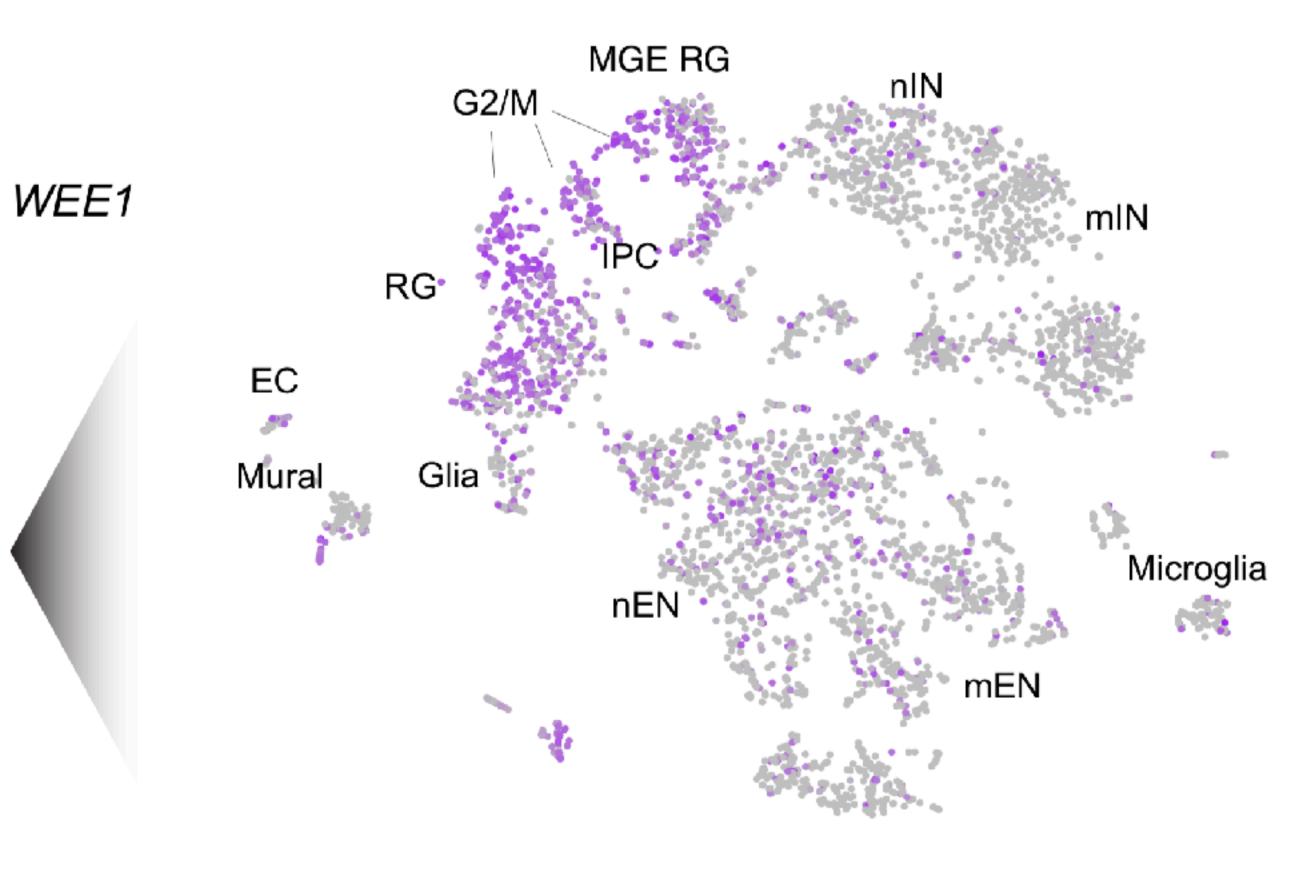


A significant association between human specific structural variants and neuronal gene expression

Example: WEE1 is unregulated in cortical radial glia



human-specific deletion - 107 bp



A map of human specific structural variation reveals hotspots

